

# General Immunofluorescence Staining Protocol using Indirectly Conjugated Antibodies

## 1. Test principle

Cells are stained using indirectly conjugated antibody for immunofluorescence

## 2. Specimen

Cells in suspension, from whole blood, bone marrow or cell culture

## 3. Materials and reagents

- 5ml Polypropylene test tubes (12x75 mm, round bottom)
- cooling centrifuge
- sterile-staining buffer (PBS, 2% FCS, 0.1 % azide) : The sodium azide assists in preventing capping and shedding or internalization of the antibody-antigen complex after the antibodies bind to the receptors.
- primary monoclonal antibody
- secondary antibody conjugated with fluorochrome
- Fc Blocker
- Ice
- 1% paraformaldehyde in PBS
- flow cytometer

## 4. Controls

- Unstained cells
  - Single stained controls in multicolor assays
  - Cells stained with secondary antibody only
  - Isotypic IgG controls
  - FMO control (= fluorescence minus one) in multicolor assays (Optional):  
Incubate with all colors except the one, you are interested in for that
  - particular tube ⇒ negative control for color of interest
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## 5. Procedure

1. Prepare single cell suspension and wash in staining buffer (PBS, 2% FCS, 0.1% azide).
2. Centrifuge (300 x g, 5 min, 4°C.), discard supernatant and resuspend to  $1 \times 10^7$  cells/ml with staining buffer.
3. Aliquot 100  $\mu$ l of cells ( $10^6$  cells) into a 12 x 75 mm polypropylene FACS tube.
4. Add 5  $\mu$ l / tube of blocking antibody or serum (e.g. Fc Block).
5. Vortex and incubate for 2 min at room temp.
6. Add primary antibody, vortex gently and incubate for 30 min at 4°C (on ice) in the dark.
7. Add 2 ml of staining buffer, vortex gently and centrifuge (300 x g, 5 min, 4°C).
8. Discard supernatant, resuspend cells in 100  $\mu$ l staining buffer and add 20  $\mu$ l secondary antibody.
9. Vortex gently and incubate for 30 min at 4°C on ice in the dark.
10. Add 2 ml staining buffer, vortex and centrifuge as previous.
11. Discard supernatant.
12. Wash again in 1 ml staining buffer and resuspend in 500  $\mu$ l staining buffer for flow cytometry analysis.
13. Keep cells on ice prior to analysis.
14. Cells may be centrifuged and fixed in 1 ml of 1% paraformaldehyde (in PBS) at 4°C for analysis next day.

### Note:

- You might need to adjust cell numbers, amount of antibody for your experiment.
  - Use buffers without Phenol Red.
  - The blocking antibody step (4 and 5) is optional but should be included if cells express high levels of Fc receptors which will contribute to non-specific binding and background fluorescence.
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