

## Ethanol-fixation of Samples for Long-term Storage and Subsequent DNA Staining

### I. Materials

70% Ethanol at  $-20^{\circ}\text{C}$

#### DNA Staining Buffer:

Sodium citrate	0.25g
Triton-x 100	0.75ml
Propidium iodide	0.025g
Ribonuclease A	0.005g
Distilled water	250 ml

### II. Procedure

1. Place  $1 \times 10^6$  cells from each sample into a polypropylene tube and centrifuge at  $250 \times g$  for 5 min.
2. Remove the supernatant as completely as possible without disturbing the pellet and add 1 ml of  $-20^{\circ}\text{C}$  70% EtOH dropwise to the cell pellet while vortexing.
3. Keep cells at  $-20^{\circ}\text{C}$  until the day of DNA staining (cells can be stored for several weeks at  $-20^{\circ}\text{C}$ ).
4. On the day of DNA staining, take samples out of the freezer and spin them down by centrifugation at  $250 \times g$  for 5 min. Remove the supernatant as completely as possible without disturbing the cell pellet.
5. Add 1 ml of DNA staining buffer to the cell pellet and vortex gently and briefly. Keep cells for 15 min in the staining solution before acquisition on the flow cytometer.

Commercial sources:

Sodium citrate Cat# C7254 Sigma, St. Louis, MO

Triton-x 100 Cat# x-100 "

Ribonuclease A Cat# R4875 "

Propidium iodide Cat# 537059 Calbiochem, San Diego, CA